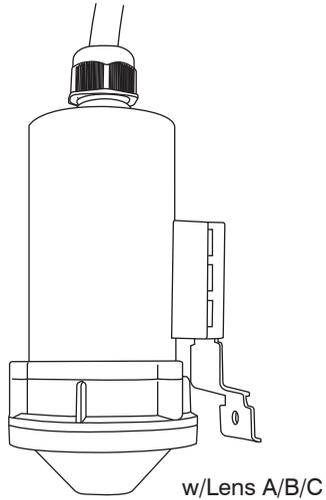




## ON-MRD-600SA series **EU**

SmartDALI OS-NET Sensor

### INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



\*More lens options are available for this sensor.  
Please refer to the Lens Datasheet for more details.

### OVERVIEW

The ON-MRD-600SA series is a fundamental device of OS-NET wireless mesh network solution packed with multiple functionalities including occupancy/vacancy sensing, daylight harvesting, bi-level StepDIM or continuous SmartDIM, and wireless network communication for top-notch intelligent lighting control.

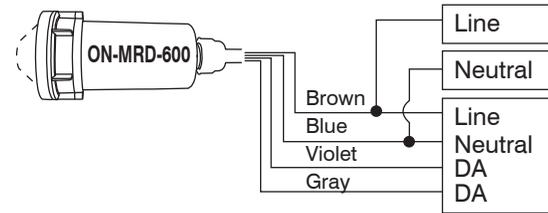
The sensor comes with an universal mounting design which provides complete installation flexibility. Interchangeable lenses allow the sensor to be mounted at various heights with different detection patterns for all applications. All functionalities can be easily and intuitively configured by a 2-way remote programmer from the floor. With ON-MRD-600SA, you can effortlessly achieve energy efficient, code-compliant smart lighting control through a state-of-the-art wireless mesh network synchronously established while installing the OS-NET enabled lighting.

### SPECIFICATIONS

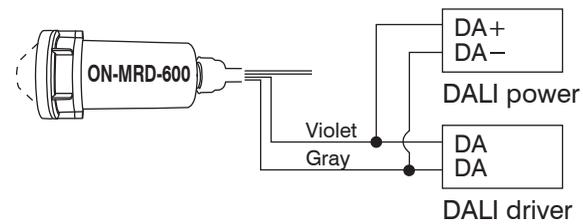
Power supply	230-240VAC or DALI bus power
Infrared sensor	Digital quad-element pyroelectric sensor
DALI bus power	60 mA max. (can be disabled)
Control protocol	DALI Broadcast
Wireless protocol	Modified Zigbee Light Link (ZLL)
Radio frequency	2405~2480MHz
Number of channel	16ch
Radio range	15/90 m @indoor/outdoor, open space
Radio power output	6.98dBm
Detectable speed	0.15 ~ 3 m/sec. (0.5~10 ft./sec.)
Mounting height	Subject to the lens applied
Detection range	As per lens applied and mounting height
Remote range	Typ. 10 m (33 ft), indoor with no backlight
Op. humidity	Max. 95% RH
Op. temperature	-40°C~70°C (-40°F~158°F)
Dimensions	L65xW73xH131mm (L2.56"xW2.87"xH5.16")

### WIRING DIAGRAM

#### Powered by line voltage

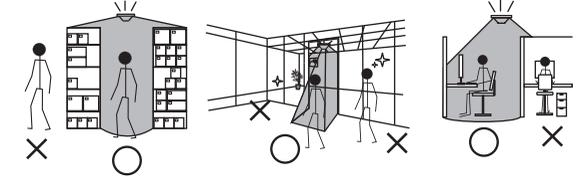


#### Powered by DALI bus



### APPLICATION NOTES

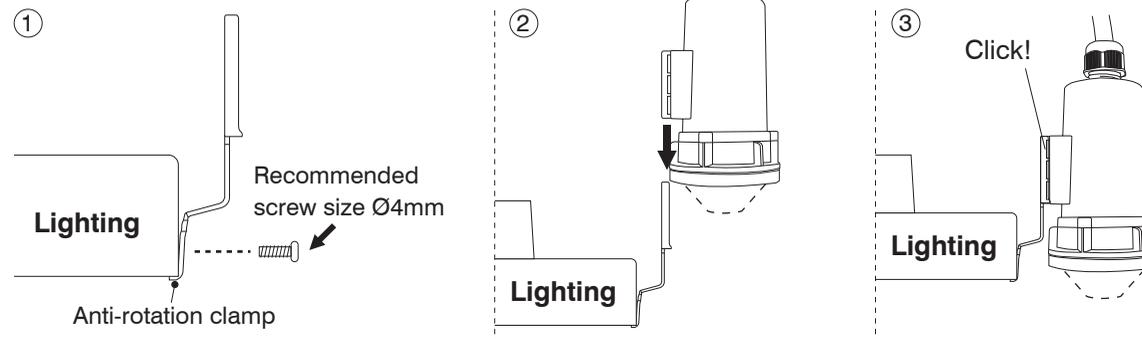
1. The sensor is more sensitive to the movements "crossing" the detection zones than "toward" or "away" the sensor unit. To obtain better sensitivity, avoid placing the sensor in line with occupant path.
2. The closer the movement is to the sensor, the more sensitive the sensor is. The higher the sensor is installed, the larger movement is required to be detected.
3. Ensure to place the sensor at least at 1.5m (5 ft.) away from air supply ducts as rapid air flow may cause false activations.
4. The sensor cannot "see" the movements behind obstacles, such as tall furniture, shelf, glass or partitions. Avoid placing the sensor where obstructions may block the sensor's line of sight.
5. The partition of workstation could block the sensor view to occupant movements, it is best to place the sensor over the intersection of workstation. For large open office, place multiple sensors so that there is overlap coverage with each adjacent sensor.
6. To obtain optimal wireless communication range, avoid enveloping the sensor with a metallic enclosure.



### WARRANTY

IR-TEC International Ltd. warranties this product to be free of defects in materials or workmanship for a period of five years from date of shipment. There are no obligations or liabilities on the part of IR-TEC International Ltd. for consequential damages arising out or in connection with the use or performance of this product or other indirect damages with respect to loss of property, revenue, or profit, or cost of removal, installation or reinstallation.

### SENSOR MOUNTING



### WARNING & CAUTION

- Risk of Electric Shock - Disconnect power supply before servicing.
- Do NOT touch the square window of infrared sensor under the lens assembly.
- Open Type Photoelectric Switches.
- Install this device in accordance with electrical codes and protect with circuit breaker.
- Install the sensor at least 1 ft. away from any occupant.
- Cycling the power to the sensors will cause failure over time.



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This product may be covered by one or more U.S. patents or patent applications.  
Please visit www.irtec.com for more information.



## SETTING

All sensor settings can be configured, in individual or group basis, by an OS-NET Remote Programmer SRP-281. Following table highlights the setting items and options available with ON-MRD-600SA. For detailed setting operation, please refer to the OS-NET Programming Guide available for download from [www.irtec.com](http://www.irtec.com).

### Programming Guide



Settings	Description	Options	Default
<b>INDIV-SET</b>	To setup an individual device		
<b>GROUP-SET</b>	To setup all devices of the group with same settings		
<b>CONTROL</b>	Control schemes available for OS-NET sensor.	ON/OFF, OSO, OSLA, OSLATO, DSVM, DSC, VSC, OSB, OFF	OSLATO
<b>AMBIENT LUX</b>	Thresholds of ambient light level for OS-NET sensor to execute the control.	10/20/40/60/80/200/400/600/1000/2000 LUX DISABLED/CURRENT	DISABLED
<b>DELAY</b>	Delay time that sensor will turn off or fade down the light.	30 sec./1/3/5/10/15/20/30/60 min.	10 min.
<b>TIME OFF</b>	Delay time that sensor will keep the light at low dim level after the OFF delay time elapsed.	10/30 sec./3/5/10/15/20/30/45/60 min.	10 min.
<b>HIGH DIM</b>	High dim is the output level set to control the light during occupancy, or when ambient light is lower than the threshold if daylight sensing scheme is selected.	50/55/60/65/70/80/90/100%/SmartDIM	100%
<b>DALI Power</b>	Enable/disable the sensor to provide DALI bus power. NOTE: If total DALI bus power will exceed 250mA after adding the sensor powered by line voltage, please "DISABLE" the DALI POWER.	ENABLED/DISABLED	ENABLED
<b>LOW DIM/SmartDIM</b>	Low dim is the output level set to dim the light when space is vacant for bi-level control. Low dim setting will become SmartDIM bar if SmartDIM control is selected.	0/5/10/15/20/25/30/40%	30%
<b>RAMP UP</b>	Speed of lighting output increase.	INSTANT/SOFT/SLOW	INSTANT
<b>FADE DOWN</b>	Speed of lighting output decrease.	INSTANT/SOFT/SLOW	SOFT
<b>LED INDICATOR</b>	Enable or disable the LED indicator of the sensor.	ENABLED/DISABLED	ENABLED
<b>VM-TB</b>	Time duration BEFORE Virtual Midnight. Only available if DSVM is selected.	0.5/1/1.5/2/2.5/3/3.5/4/4.5/5/5.5/6 hour	2.5 hours
<b>VM-TA</b>	Time duration AFTER Virtual Midnight. Only available if DSVM is selected.	0.5/1/1.5/2/2.5/3/3.5/4/4.5/5/5.5/6 hour	4 hours
<b>SENSITIVITY</b>	Sensitivity of occupancy sensor. To disable the occupancy sensing capability, select OFF.	HIGH/NORMAL/LOW/OFF	HIGH

## SETTING ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The sensor will acknowledge setting success or failure with different indications by device LED or connected lighting.

INDICATION	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	REMARKS
Device LED fast blinking in GREEN and BLUE.	The device is scanning and linking to the network.	The fast blinking (on-off per 0.2 second) only appears during network linking.
Device LED blinks twice every 2-second in GREEN or BLUE.	The sensor detects occupant's motion.	GREEN means the device is network linked. BLUE means the device is unlinked.
Device LED blinks twice every 2-second for 5 minutes, and then 15-second after power applied.	The device is set with daylight sensing control. (DSVM or DSC)	GREEN means the device is network linked. BLUE means the device is unlinked.
Device short beeps twice.	Receiving a single setting or control command.	
Device beeps one long and two short. The connected lights flash twice.	1. Multiple setting data UPLOAD successful. 2. GROUP LINK successful.	
The connected lights flash twice.	1. Factory default setting resumed. 2. SmartDIM setting completed.	

## CONTROL SCHEME

The ON-MRD-600SA series can be programmed to control the connected lighting in one of the schemes as below.

Scheme	Description
<b>ON/OFF</b>	This is a typical <b>occupancy sensing control</b> scheme. Lighting will be inhibited when the ambient light level is higher than the set threshold, regardless of occupancy or vacancy. When the ambient light level is lower than the set threshold, the controlled light will be automatically turned on once the sensor detects the presence of occupant, and turned off after the delay time elapsed. <b>NOTE:</b> This scheme can be used with <b>dimmable</b> or <b>non-dimmable</b> lighting, but not for HID lighting.
<b>OSO</b>	This is an <b>occupancy sensing control</b> scheme can be applied in areas that require 24-hour lighting. When space is vacant, the lights will be maintained at Low Dim level. Whenever space is occupied, lighting output will be increased to High Dim level or continuously regulated to maintain within the pre-set range by SmartDIM control. <b>NOTE:</b> Do <b>NOT</b> use this scheme to control <b>non-dimmable</b> lighting.
<b>OSLA</b>	This is an <b>occupancy sensing control</b> scheme can be applied in spaces that require automatic lighting when the ambient light level is lower than the set threshold. Lighting will be inhibited if the ambient light level is higher than the set threshold, regardless of occupancy or vacancy. When the ambient light level is lower than the set threshold, the sensor will automatically control the light at Low Dim level. When sensor detects the presence of an occupant, lighting output will be increased to the High Dim level or continuously regulated within the pre-set range by SmartDIM control. After the delay time elapsed, lighting output will be reduced to Low Dim level or shut off if the ambient light is higher than the set threshold. <b>NOTE:</b> Do <b>NOT</b> use this scheme to control <b>non-dimmable</b> lighting.
<b>OSLATO</b>	This is an <b>occupancy sensing control</b> scheme can be applied in spaces that require maintaining Low Dim lighting for a period of time before shutting off. Lighting will be inhibited if the ambient light level is higher than the set threshold, regardless of occupancy or vacancy. When the ambient light level is lower than the set threshold, and any sensor detects the presence of occupant, lighting output will be increased to High Dim level or continuously regulated to maintain overall lighting level within the pre-set range by SmartDIM control. After the delay time elapsed, lighting output will be reduced to Low Dim level for a period of TIME OFF delay before shut off. <b>NOTE:</b> This scheme requires <b>dimmable</b> lighting to enable dimming control. If lighting is <b>non-dimmable</b> , there will be no dim control and the delay time will be extended with the TIME OFF (TO) delay.
<b>DSVM</b>	This is a <b>daylight sensing control</b> scheme can be applied in spaces that require automatically dimming the lighting output to a low level between a certain time before and after virtual midnight. Lighting will be inhibited if the ambient light level is higher than the set threshold. When the ambient light level is lower than the set threshold, the sensor will turn the light to High Dim level or continuously regulate the output to maintain overall lighting level within the pre-set range by SmartDIM control. Lighting output will be reduced to Low Dim level from a certain time before virtual midnight to a certain time after. <b>NOTE:</b> This scheme requires <b>dimmable</b> lighting to enable dimming control. If lighting is <b>non-dimmable</b> , all lights will remain on whenever ambient light level is lower than the set threshold.
<b>DSC</b>	This is a <b>daylight sensing control</b> scheme can be applied in spaces that require automatic lighting whenever the ambient light is lower than the set threshold. The sensor will automatically turn on the light to High Dim level or continuously regulate the output to maintain overall lighting level within the pre-set range by SmartDIM control when the ambient light level is lower than the set threshold, and automatically turn off the light when the ambient light level is higher than the set threshold. <b>NOTE:</b> This scheme requires <b>dimmable</b> lighting to enable dimming control. If lighting is <b>non-dimmable</b> , all lights will remain on whenever ambient light level is lower than the threshold.
<b>VSC</b>	This is a <b>vacancy sensing control</b> scheme can be applied in spaces that require users to manually turn on the light, and have the sensor turn off the light automatically. The occupant would have to press the OS-NET Button to turn on the lighting group assigned. The sensor will control the lights at High Dim level or continuously regulate the output to maintain overall lighting level within the pre-set range by SmartDIM control. The sensor will control the connected lighting as per OSLATO scheme. <b>NOTE:</b> This scheme requires <b>dimmable</b> lighting to enable dimming control. If lighting is <b>non-dimmable</b> , there will be no dim control and the delay time will be extended with the TIME OFF (TO) delay.
<b>OSB</b>	This is an advanced <b>occupancy sensing control</b> scheme can be applied in open offices to provide background light level before the area of entire lighting group is vacant. Lighting will be inhibited if the ambient light level is higher than the set threshold, regardless of occupancy or vacancy. When the ambient light level is lower than the set threshold and the first occupant is detected by a grouped sensor, the output of sensor connected light will be increased to High Dim level or continuously regulated within the pre-set range by SmartDIM control during occupancy, and the unoccupied areas of entire lighting group will brighten up to Low Dim level as background light. The entire lighting group turns off after the last person leaves and delay time elapsed. <b>NOTE:</b> Do <b>NOT</b> use this scheme to control <b>non-dimmable</b> lighting.
<b>OFF</b>	This is a <b>manual control</b> scheme can be used when you need the light to be off for a certain period of time. Once this scheme is set, all OS-NET controlled lighting will remain off until another scheme is selected.